

February 22, 2021

The Honorable Patty Murray Chair Appropriations Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, Education and Related Agencies U.S. Senate Washington, DC 20510 The Honorable Roy Blunt Ranking Member Appropriations Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, Education and Related Agencies U.S. Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Chair Murray and Ranking Member Blunt:

The COVID-19 pandemic has clearly revealed that the US healthcare system is at a breaking point, and our nation's goals of a system that ensures access to high quality healthcare for all is falling far short of its potential. We have seen the deep racial and ethnic inequities both within and beyond healthcare as people of color are disproportionately contracting COVID-19, suffering worse outcomes, having less access to diagnostics, vaccinations, treatments, and are dying at higher rates. At the same time, the federal government, states, localities, and health providers are taking dramatic actions to respond to the pandemic and other existing healthcare challenges, and they are being forced to take action without sufficient research and evaluations on the impacts of their decisions.

The Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) supports research to improve health care quality, reduce costs, advance patient safety, decrease medical errors, and broaden access to essential services. As the lead federal agency for funding health services research (HSR) and primary care research (PCR), AHRQ is the bridge between cures and care, and ensures that Americans get the best health care at the best value. The RAND Corporation released a <u>report</u> in 2020 as called for by the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2018, which identified AHRQ as "the only agency that has statutory authorizations to generate HSR and be the home for federal PCR, and the unique focus of its research portfolio on systems-based outcomes (e.g., making health care safer, higher quality, more accessible, equitable, and affordable) and approaches to implementing improvement across health care settings and populations in the United States."

While the vast majority of federally funded research focuses on one specific disease or organ system, AHRQ is the only federal agency that funds research at universities and other research institutions throughout the nation on health systems—the "real-life" patient who has complex comorbidities, the interoperability of different technological advances, and the interactions and intersections of health care providers. For example, some recent failures in the COVID-19 response can be addressed with more attention to the root causes of, and strategies for, addressing barriers to healthcare access, including what can be done in primary care to address health equity, and more broadly what are the patient-oriented primary care quality measures that would facilitate more engaged patient care.

As the lead agency for health services research and primary care research, AHRQ provides the resources that policymakers, health system leaders, medical providers, and patients need to determine the effectiveness of health systems delivery. In order to deliver better outcomes, we need to be able to differentiate which healthcare interventions work, for whom they work, and how to implement them, and HSR, PCR, and AHRQ are the process through which we develop that knowledge. For example, the



effectiveness of a new vaccine is diminished if we do not have a robust delivery system that provides equitable access regardless of race, ethnicity, or income, and addressing questions like this is where AHRQ has a proven track record. Funding HSR and PCR through AHRQ is a key part of how we will best recover from COVID-19, prepare for the next pandemic, and address failures in the healthcare system that Americans continue to face.

The benefits of investing in health services research through AHRQ transcend the pandemic and provide benefits in saved lives, better value care, and improved patient outcomes across the health system. For example, the implementation of just one AHRQ-funded <u>study</u> on reducing hospital acquired conditions prevented an estimated 20,500 hospital deaths and saved \$7.7 billion in health care costs from 2014 to 2017. To maximize the translation of research findings across the public health and health care continuum to improved patient care and keep pace with the rapidly evolving and changing health care landscape, additional investments in AHRQ are needed.

For these reasons, as you draft the Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies appropriations legislation for fiscal year 2022, the <u>118</u> undersigned members of the Friends of AHRQ respectfully <u>request no less than \$500 million in funding for the Agency for Healthcare and</u> <u>Research and Quality (AHRQ)</u>. This request reflects an inflation adjustment from FY10 and the demonstrated needs of the pandemic.

AHRQ is the federal vehicle for studying and improving the United States healthcare system, and it needs the resources to meet its mission and this moment. Through this appropriation level, AHRQ will be better able to fund the "last mile" of research from cure to care.

Thank you for your support of AHRQ and health services research. For more information, please contact Josh Caplan at Josh.Caplan@AcademyHealth.org.

Sincerely,

ABIM Foundation Academic Pediatric Association Academy of Medical-Surgical Nurses AcademyHealth Alliance for Aging Research Altarum AMDA - The Society for Post-Acute and Long-Term Care Medicine American Academy of Allergy, Asthma & Immunology American Academy of Dermatology Association American Academy of Hospice and Palliative Medicine American Academy of Neurology American Academy of Nursing American Academy of Pediatrics American Association for Dental Research American Association for Physician Leadership American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases American Association of Colleges of Nursing American Association of Colleges of Osteopathic Medicine American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy



American Association of Post-Acute Care Nursing American Association of Public Health Dentistry American Association on Health and Disability American Board of Internal Medicine American Board of Medical Specialties American Chiropractic Association American College of Cardiology American College of Clinical Pharmacy American College of Nurse-Midwives American College of Physicians American College of Preventive Medicine American College of Rheumatology American Health Information Management Association American Health Quality Association American Heart Association American Nephrology Nurses Association American Occupational Therapy Association American Pediatric Society American Physical Therapy Association American Psychiatric Association American Psychological Association American Public Health Association American Society for Nutrition American Society of Hematology American Society of Nephrology American Society of Pediatric Nephrology American Society of Plastic Surgeons American Statistical Association American Urological Association Arbor Research Collaborative for Health Association for Professionals in Infection Control and Epidemiology Association of American Medical Colleges Association of Departments of Family Medicine Association of Family Medicine Residency Directors Association of Maternal & Child Health Programs Association of Medical School Pediatric Department Chairs Association of Population Centers Association of Schools and Programs of Public Health Association of Women's Health, Obstetric and Neonatal Nurses Brown University Case Western Reserve University Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Columbia University Irving Medical Center Commissioned Officers Association of the U.S. Public Health Service, Inc. (COA) Consortium of Social Science Associations Duke Health EBQ Consulting, LLC



ECRI Federation of American Hospitals Health Care Systems Research Network Healthcare Information and Management Systems Society (HIMSS) Heart Failure Society of America Heart Rhythm Society Johns Hopkins University & Medicine Kaiser Permanente Lakeshore Foundation Lupus and Allied Diseases Association, Inc. March of Dimes National Association of Long Term Hospitals National Association of Nurse Practitioners in Women's Health National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners National Athletic Trainers' Association National League for Nursing North American Primary Care Research Group Nurses Organization of Veterans Affairs (NOVA) **Oncology Nursing Society** Pediatric Policy Council Population Association of America Preparedness and Treatment Equity Coalition Public Health Institute Research!America Results for America **RTI** International Society for Maternal-Fetal Medicine Society for Participatory Medicine Society for Pediatric Research Society for Women's Health Research Society of Chairs of Academic Radiology Departments Society of General Internal Medicine Society of Hospital Medicine Society of Teachers of Family Medicine Spina Bifida Association The American College of Preventive Medicine The Hilltop Institute at the University of Maryland, Baltimore County (UMBC) The Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America The Society for Public Health Education The Society of Thoracic Surgeons UCLA Fielding School of Public Health University of California, Berkeley School of Public Health University of Michigan - Institute for Healthcare Policy & Innovation University of Rochester University of Utah Health University of Washington UPMC Vanderbilt University Medical Center



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